## TABLE ERRATA

494.-T. S. Shao, T. C. Chen \& R. M. Frank, "Tables of zeros and Gaussian weights of certain associated Laguerre polynomials and the related generalized Hermite polynomials," Math. Comp., v. 18, 1964, pp. 598-616.

Recomputation of most of the tables occupying pp. 599-608 of this paper and subsequent collation whenever possible with those of Stroud \& Secrest [1] have revealed a systematic relative error in all the weights computed by Shao et al., amounting to $-4.7 \times 10^{-23}$, nearly. This pervasive error appears to have been generated by an inaccurate value of $\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$.

No errors were found in the tabulated zeros of the polynomials.
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1. A. H. Stroud \& D. Secrest, Gaussian Quadrature Formulas, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, N. J., 1966, pp. 217-251, 277-286.
495.-Harold T. Davis, Tables of the Higher Mathematical Functions, Volume I, The Principia Press, Bloomington, Indiana, 1933.

In Table 11, p. 354, the tabulated values of $\Psi(x)$ corresponding to $x=.01, .24$, $.50, .52, .80$, and .88 should each be decreased by a unit in the last place.

The following comparable corrections are required in Table 12, pp. 366-367. The values of $\Psi(z+1)$ should be increased by a unit in the last place for $z=.26, .27, .36$, $.47, .48, .50, .51, .52$, and .99 ; and the tabular values of that function should be decreased by a unit in the last place for $z=.01, .06, .07, .08, .09, .10, .12, .18, .19$, .21, .22, .31, .38, .45, .57, .60, .61, .62, .64, .65, .66, .68, .72, .74, .76, .78, .79, .80, .81, $.82, .83, .84, .88, .89, .90, .92, .94$, and .95 .

More serious terminal-digit errors noted in $\Psi(z+1)$ in Table 12 are as follows:

|  | for | read | $z$ | for | read |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| .11 | 248 | 259 | .67 | 607 | 604 |
| .17 | 299 | 297 | .69 | 012 | 017 |
| .34 | 946 | 948 | .70 | 948 | 957 |
| .56 | 189 | 187 | .71 | 789 | 794 |
| .58 | 439 | 437 | .73 | 792 | 790 |
| .59 | 042 | 040 | .77 | 795 | 793 |
| .63 | 383 | 381 | .93 | 793 | 791 |

The entry for $z=.11$ was previously corrected from 248 to 260 in the $F M R C$ Index [1]. The relevant digits found in the present calculation were 2593772. This
result was obtained by the power series on p. 280 and independently by Gauss's formula on p. 286.

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1. A. Fletcher, J. C. P. Miller, L. Rosenhead \& L. J. Comrie, An Index of Mathematical Tables. Vol. II, 2nd ed., Addison-Wesley, Reading, Mass., 1962, p. 817. MR 26 \#365b.

Editorial note. These same errors occur also in the revised edition, retitled Tables of the Mathematical Functions, and published by the Principia Press of Trinity University, San Antonio, Texas, 1963. (For additional errata see Math. Comp., v. 19, 1965, pp. 696-698, RMT 131.)
496.-Burton D. Fried \& Samuel D. Conte, The Plasma Dispersion Function: The Hilbert Transform of the Gaussian, Academic Press, New York, 1961.

Several typographical errors in this book have been previously announced in a review in this journal (Math. Comp., v. 17, 1963, pp. 94-95). With reference to the error announced therein relative to the sign of $a_{n+1}$ in the second equation on p .6 , the following detailed clarification seems to be required. If $a_{n+1}$ is defined as positive, then the continued fraction is correctly written, but the signs of $a_{1}$ and $a_{n+1}$ in the recurrence relations should be negative. On the other hand, if $a_{n+1}$ is defined as $-n(2 n-1) / 2$, then the recurrence relations read correctly, but the numerators in the continued fraction are incorrectly written as $-a_{n+1}$ and $-a_{n+2}$.

Additional errors, not noted in the review, are as follows:
p. 2, last equation: on the right side, for $Z(x+i y)$, read $Z^{*}(x+i y)$.
p. 6, sixth equation: for $A_{n}$, read $B_{n}$.
p. 6, last equation: for $Z\left(\zeta^{*}\right)$, read $Z^{*}\left(\zeta^{*}\right)$.

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497.-P. Poulet, "Table des nombres composés vérifiant le théorème de Fermat pour le module 2 jusqu'à 100.000 .000 ," Sphinx, v. 8, 1938, pp. 42-52.

In Table Errata 485, Math. Comp., v. 25, 1971, p. 944, the last entry under "Insert" should read

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
N & p \\
* 99036001 & 3001 .
\end{array}
$$

That is because this $N=61 \cdot 541 \cdot 3001$, and therefore is a Carmichael number.

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